THE DAILY UNION BANNER.

VOL. I. SALISBURY, N. C., THURSDAY, JULY 6, 1865. NO. 46

Terms of Subscription to the Union Banner.

One paper will be published daily at the following rates in Federal currency:

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Advertising Rates.

All advertisements will be charged *ONE DOLLAR* a square of ten lines or less, small type, for each insertion, and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion. A liberal deduction made to monthly advertisers.

No advertisement inserted unless paid for in advance.

The name of no subscriber entered on our books unless paid for in advance.

No one is authorized to receive and receipt for money for subscription or other work done at this Office, except the Publisher and the Proprietor.

☞ All letters concerning the office must be addressed to

J. J. STEWART, PUBLISHER.

THE INTERNAL TAXES.

THE STAMP ACT.

SCHEDULE B.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT—of deeds — exempt.
AFFIDAVIT — 5 cents.
in suit or legal proceedings — exempt.
AGREEMENT OR APPRAISEMENT—for each sheet or piece of paper on which the same is written — 5 cents.
ASSIGNMENTS OR TRANSFERS—of mortgage, lease or policy of insurance, the same duty as on the original instrument
Of patent right — 5 cents.
BANK CHECKS, DRAFTS OR ORDERS, &c.—at sight or on demand — 2 cents.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE, INLAND—draft or order, payable otherwise than at sight or on demand, and any promissory note, whatever, payable on demand or at a time designated [except bank notes issued for circulation, and checks made and intended to be, and which shall be forthwith presented for payment] for a sum not exceeding $100 — 5 cents.
For every additional hundred dollars, or fractional part thereof — 5 cents.
BILLS OF LADING—of vessels for ports of the United States or British North America — exempt.
Or receipt for goods on any foreign ports — 10 cents.
BILL OF SALE—of any vessel, or part thereof when the consideration does not exceed five hundred dollars — 50 cents.
Exceeding five hundred dollars and not exceeding one thousand dollars — $1.
Exceeding $1,000, for each $500, or fractional part thereof — 50 cents.
Of personal property [other than ship or vessel] — 5 cents.
BOND—personal, for payment of money [See Mortgage]
Official — 50 cents.
For indemnifying any person for the payment of any sum of money, where the money ultimately recoverable thereupon is one thousand dollars or less
Where the money recoverable exceeds one thousand dollars, for every additional one thousand dollars, or fractional part thereof — 50 cents.
BONDS—county, city and town bonds, railroad and other corporation bonds and script are subject to stamp duty. [See Mortgage]
Of any description other than such as are required in legal proceedings, and such as are not otherwise charged in this schedule — 25 cents
CERTIFICATES—of deposit in bank, sum not exceeding one hundred dollars — 2 cents.
Of deposit in bank, sum exceeding one hundred dollars — 5 cents
Of stock in an incorporated company — 25 cents.
General — 5 cents.
Of a qualification of a Justice of the Peace — 5 cents.
Commissioner of Deeds or Notary Public — 5 cents.
Of search of records — 5 cents.
That certain papers are on file — 5 cents.
That certain papers cannot be found — 5 cents.
Of redemption of land sold for taxes — 5 cents.
Of birth, marriage and death — 5 cents.
Of qualifications of school teachers — 5 cents.
Of profits in an incorporated company, for a sum not less than ten dollars, and not exceeding fifty dollars — 10 cents.
Exceeding fifty dollars and not exceeding one thousand dollars — 25 cents.
Exceeding one thousand dollars for every additional one thousand dollars, or fractional part thereof — 25 cents.
Of damage or otherwise, and all other certificates or documents issued by any port warden, marine surveyor, or other person acting as such — 25 cents.
CERTIFIED TRANSCRIPT—of judgments, satisfaction of judgments, and of all papers recorded or on file — 5 cents.
(N. B.—As a general rule, every certificate which has, or may have, a legal value in any court of law or equity, will require a stamp duty of five cents)
CHECK, DRAFT OR ORDER—for the payment of any sum of money, exceeding ten dollars, drawn upon any person other than a bank, banker, or trust company, at sight or on demand — 2 cents.
CONTRACT—(See Agreement).
Brokers — 10 cents.
CONVEYANCE—deed, instrument or writing whereby lands, tenements, or other realty sold shall be conveyed, the actual value which does not exceed five hundred dollars — 50 cents.
Exceeding five hundred dollars, and not exceeding one thousand dollars — $1.
For every additional five hundred dollars, or fractional part thereof, in excess of one thousand dollars — 50 cents
ENTRY—of any goods, wares or merchandise at any custom house not exceeding one hundred dollars in value — 25 cents.
Exceeding one hundred dollars, and not exceeding five hundred dollars in value — 50 cents.
Exceeding five hundred dollars in value — $1.
For the withdrawal of any goods or merchandise from bonded warehouse — 50 cents.
GAUGER'S RETURN—if for quantity not exceeding five hundred gallons gross — 10 cents.
Exceeding five hundred gallons — 25 cents.
POWER OF ATTORNEY—to sell or transfer stock, or collect dividends thereon — 25 cents.
To vote an election of incorporated company — 10 cents.
To receive or collect rents — 25 cents.
To sell, or convey, or rent, or lease real estate — $1.
For any other purpose — 50 cents.
PROBATE OF WILL—or letters of administration, where the value of both real and personal estate does not exceed four thousand dollars — 50 cents
For every additional two thousand dollars, o fractional part thereof, in excess of two thousand dollars — $1.
Bonds of executor, administrators, guardians and trustees, are each subject to a stamp duty of — 50 cents
PROTEST—upon bill note, check or draft — 25 cents.
PROMISSORY NOTE—(See Bills of Exchange, inland).
Renewal of, subject to same duty as an original note — 2 cents.
RECEIPT—for the payment of any sum of money, or debt due, exceeding twenty dollars, or for the delivery of any property — 10 cents.
TRUST DEED—made to secure a debt, to be stamped as a mortgage conveying estate to uses, to be stamped as a conveyance — 50 cents.
WAREHOUSE RECEIPT—for any goods, wares, or merchandise not otherwise provided for, deposited or stored in any public or private warehouse, not exceeding five hundred dollars in value — 10 cents.
Exceeding five hundred dollars, and not exceeding one thousand dollars — 20 cents.
Exceeding one thousand dollars for every additional one thousand dollars, or fractional part thereof, in excess of one thousand dollars. — 10 cents.
For any goods, &c., not otherwise provided for, stored or deposited in any public or private warehouse or yard — 25 cents.
WRITS AND LEGAL DOCUMENTS—writ or other legal process, by which any suit is commenced in any court of record, either of law or equity — 50 cents.
Writ or other original process issued by a court not of record, where the amount claimed is one hundred dollars or over — 50 cents.
Upon every confession of judgment or cognovit, for one hundred dollars, or over, except in cases where the tax for a writ has been paid — 50 cents.
Writ or other process appeals from justices' courts, or other courts of inferior jurisdiction, to a court of record — 50 cents.
Warrants of distress, when the amount or rent claimed does not exceed one hundred dollars — 25 cents.
When the amount exceeds one hundred dollars — 50 cents.
INSURANCE—Marine, Inland and Fire. Where the consideration paid for the insurance, in cash, premium notes, or both, does not exceed $10 — 10 cents.
Exceeding ten dollars, and not exceeding fifty dollars — 20 cents.
INSURANCE, LIFE—when the amount insured does not exceed one thousand dollars — 10 cents.
Exceeding one thousand dollars, and not exceeding five thousand dollars — 25 cents.
Exceeding five thousand dollars — 50 cents.
LEASE—of lands or tenements, where the rents does not exceed three hundred dollars per annum — 50 cents.
Exceeding three hundred dollars for each additional two hundred dollars, or fractional part thereof, in excess of three hundred dollars — 50 cents
Perpetual subject to stamp duty as a "conveyance."
Clause of guaranty of payment of rent, incorporated or indorsed, five cents additional
MEASURERS' RETURN—if for quantity not exceeding one thousand bushels — 10 cents.
Exceeding one thousand bushels — 25 cents.
MORTGAGE—trust deed, bill of sale, or personal bond for the payment of money exceeding one hundred dollars, and not exceeding five hundred dollars — 50 cents.
Exceeding five hundred dollars, for every additional five hundred dollars, or fractional part thereof, in excess of five hundred dollars — 50 cents
PAWNERS' CHECKS.
PASSAGE TICKET—from the United States to any foreign port, costing not more than $35. — 50 cents.
Costing more than $35, and not exceeding $50 — $1.
For every additional fifty dollars, or fractional part thereof, in excess of fifty dollars — $1.

GENERAL REMARKS.

Revenue Stamps may be used indiscriminately upon any of the matters or things enumerated in schedule B, except proprietary and playing card stamps, for which a special use has been provided.

Postage stamps cannot be used in payment of the duty chargeable on instruments.

It is the duty of the maker of an instrument to affix and cancel the stamp thereon. If he neglects to do so, the party for whose use it is made may stamp it before it is used; but in no case can it be legally used without a stamp; and if used after the 30th of June, 1864, and used without a stamp, it cannot afterwards be effectually stamped. Any failure on the part of the maker of an instrument to immediately stamp it, renders him liable to a penalty of two hundred dollars.

Writs are issued in many States by other process than writ, viz.:—summons, warrant, publication, petition, &c., in which case these, as the original process, severally require stamps.

Writs of scire facias are subject to stamp duty as original processes.

The jurat of an affidavit, taken before a Justice of the Peace, Notary Public, or other officer duly authorized to take affidavits, is held to be a certificate, and subject to a stamp duty of 5 cents, except when taken in suits or legal proceedings.

Certificates of loan, in which there shall appear any printed or written evidence of any amount of money to be paid on demand, or at any time designated, are subject to stamp duty as "Promissory Notes."

The assignment of a mortgage is subject to the same stamp duty as that imposed upon the original instrument; that is to say, for every sum of five hundred dollars, or any fractional part thereof, of the amount secured by the mortgage, at the time of its assignment, there must be affixed a stamp or stamps, denoting a duty of fifty cents.

When two or more persons join in the execution of an instrument, the stamps to which the instrument is liable under the law, may be affixed and cancelled by one of the parties.

In conveyances of Real Estate, the law provides that the stamp affixed must answer to the value of the estate or interest conveyed.

No stamp is required on any warrant of attorney accompanying a bond or note, when such bond or note has affixed thereto the stamp or stamps denoting the duty required, and whenever any bond or note is secured by mortgage, but one stamp duty is required on such papers, such stamp duty being the highest that requires for such instruments, or either of them. In such case a note or memorandum of the value or denomination of the stamp affixed should be made upon the margin or in the acknowledgment of the instrument which is not stamped.

NO CURE! NO PAY!

ENNISS'

DIARRHEA SPECIFIC,

FOR the speedy cure of DIARRHEA, FLUX, DYSENTRY and COLIC, for sale at Still's old Drug Store by

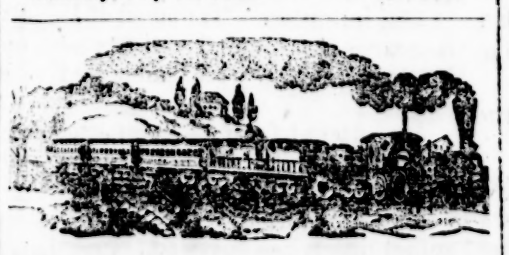
J. H. ENNISS.

Salisbury June 21, '65 — 33-tf

WANTED.

A good, prompt *girl* to attend in the house of a small family, who can come well recommended, of unquestionable moral character, may get a permanent situation with fair wages by applying at the *Banner* office.

Salisbury, July 1st 1865. — d-1mo.



WESTERN N. C. RAIL ROAD,

JUNE 12th, 1865.

THE persons who carried off, and have now in their possession, Iron or other property belonging to this Road, are known, and a reasonable time will be given for its return, after which those who are subject to do so will be reported to the military authorities for trial.

SAMUEL McD. TATE.
President

tf-26

NAILS.

I HAVE ON HAND 50 KEGS RICHMOND Nails, assorted 4, 6, 8 10, 12, which I will sell low for

CASH OR PRODUCE.

MICHAEL BROWN.

Salisbury June 15, 1865.

STILES KENNEDY, M. D.

OFFICE NO. 5, MANSION HOUSE,
SALISBURY NORTH CAROLINA.
June 15, 1865.

White Sulpher Springs,
CATAWBA COUNTY, N C.

The undersigned having assumed the management of this justly celebrated watering establishment, announces to the public, that on and after the first of June he will open the same for the reception of boarders to the number of fifty. There are several very prettily located cottages on the grounds suitable for families or single persons. With the view of conforming to the present financial condition of the country, the price of board has been fixed at $35 per month or a less time $2 per day, current funds.

The long experience and extensive practice of the undersigned as a Physician, will insure to invalids who may seek the waters of Catawba for their medical qualities, such devotion as will best elaborate their healing qualities, and his personal supervision will be given to secure the utmost comfort to his guests. The Springs will be kept open till the 1st of November.—There are several Chalybeate [illegible] of which stand unrivalled. Persons wishing to avail themselves of the advantage here offered, will please address the Proprietor as early as possible,—Post Office, Newton, Catawba County, N. C.

In coming to the Springs they will get off the cars at Robards Turn Out, Statesville and Morganton Rail Road.

WM. FREDRICK STUART

May 28th, 1865. — 21t-21

DRUG AND APOTHECARY STORE.

HENDERSON & SCHAFER,

UP STAIRS

In DR. HENDERSON'S BRICK BUILDING, corner Main and Water Streets, have on hand a large assortment of

Pure Drugs, Chemicals,
PAINTS, OILS,
DYE STUFFS, VARNISHES,

guaranteed pure and of the best quality. Also,

SODA, COPPERAS,
SNUFF, TOBACCO, CIGARS,
PURE BRANDY & WHISKEY

for medicinal purposes. All of which will be sold at the lowest market rates.

MEDICINES

for Physicians carefully put up.

Physicians prescriptions carefully compounded and put up at all hours day or night by an experienced *DRUGGIST and CHEMIST.*

Salisbury, June 1865. — 28dtf

SALISBURY

GAS LIGHT COMPANY.

THIS COMPANY WILL BE PREPARED to furnish GAS LIGHT within a few days. Consumers, whose fixtures are not in order, may have them repaired by calling on Mr. Wilburn C. Fraley. The price of Gas will be $15 per 1000, at present, but will be reduced as soon as circumstances will admit of it. Bills will be collected monthly, and the Gas will be shut off from those who fail to pay promptly.

J. D. BROWN, Pres't.

June 26th, 1865. — 38—d6t

DR. C. A. HENDERSON,

RESPECTFULLY INFORMS THE PUBLIC that he is still engaged in the practice of Medicine. Office up stairs at

HENDERSON & SCHAFER'S

Drug Store, Salisbury North Carolina.

THE UNION BANNER.

SALISBURY, N. C., JULY 6, 1865.

J. J. STEWART. EDITOR.

THE WORK OF RECONSTRUCTION.

It is a gratifying fact to see how rapidly under the vigorous management of Governor Holden, matters and things are taking shape. North Carolina will soon take her position in line with her sister States, proudly and as pure as any. Her rebellion purified by the sufferings through which she has passed and recompensed for by the future devotion of her people to the Union and the Constitution, just with the same fidelity that her sons have followed in so many fields of battle the cross barred banner of their faith, just as faithful will her people now be to the new obligation that they assume—and the soldier whose heroic arm bore that red banner through so many miles and months of suffering and endurance, now with the frankness of the soldier stands firm in his renewed allegiance, setting an example to their sister States of the South as the proper course for an honest man to pursue. And although Governor Holden had excited in his past career many prejudices against him, we find the people of all sections rallying to support and to assist him in the arduous duties that have devolved upon him in reconstructing this State. He has bent his whole faculties to the task and deserves the support of all who are patriotic enough to forget the passions and prejudices of the past.

We find that in all his actions he has labored in evident sympathy with our fallen and depressed condition.—He has succeeded in having remitted the 25 per cent tax on cotton, thus saving one fourth of the value of the cotton in the hands of our citizens. He has, also, all credit to him, labored assidiously to have released the prisoners of North Carolina, fretting their souls away against the bars of Northern prisons, and has also urged repeatedly the right of suffrage to be extended to all paroled and returning prisoners and soldiers of our late army. He is also laboring, we are credibly informed to relieve the people as much as possible in the matter of their payment to the United States the taxes due.

In these things he seems animated by a desire to forget the past and wipe out from the soil of North Carolina the bloody impress left by the feet of war, and it is our bounden duty to lend him a hearty, honest cooperation in his endeavors and not stulify his efforts in our behalf by an opposition that would be as wicked as insane.

The Raleigh Standard of a late issue justly says:

"Gov. Holden's friends feel that they can with confidence, appeal to the people of the State—the civilians who remained at home, and the soldiers who went to the battle field—to rally with unanimity to his support. We ask this not for Governor Holden's sake, but for the sake of the country. We know that Gov. Holden feels most sensibly for the present unfortunate condition of the people of the State, and of the entire South.—We know that he is doing everything he can, to the extent of his powers, and inside the chart of his instructions, to alleviate their sufferings. We regard it as a very fortunate thing for North Carolina, and in fact, for the entire Southern people, considering that North Carolina was the first State in which the process of reorganization was commenced that a man possessing so much of the confidence of the President of the United States, and entertaining the devotion to popular rights which Gov. Holden does, was selected as Governor in the present trying circumstances. It is for the people of the State to decide whether they will rally to his support, whether they will aid, strengthen, and sustain him, or whether they will encourage a carping and fault finding disposition towards him, and thus weaken and paralyze him in his efforts for the public weal. For ourselves, we have every confidence in the decision of the people in this regard."

QUALLIFICATION FOR OFFICE.

The following act of Congress was approved on the 2d of July 1862, and passed among the recorded laws of the land. While in existence few men in the South are elligible for office. The whole matter is one of much complication and we give the act that every one may read and understand for themselves:

Be it enacted, &c., that *hereafter* every person *elected* or *appointed* to any office of honor or profit under the Government of the United States, either in the civil, military, or naval departments of the public service, excepting the President of the United States, shall, *before entering upon the duties of such office, and before being entitled to the salary or other emoluments thereof*, take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation:

I, ——— ———, do solemnly swear (or affirm,) that I have never voluntarily borne arms against the United States since I have been a citizen thereof; that I have voluntarily given no aid, countenance, counsel or encouragement to persons engaged in armed hostility thereto; that I have neither *sought nor accepted nor attempted to exercise the functions of any office, whatever, under any authority, or pretended authority in hostility to the United States;* that I have not yielded a voluntary support to any pretended Government, authority power or constitution within the United States, hostile or inimical thereto. And I do further swear (or affirm) that to the best of my knowledge and ability I will support and defend the Constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that I will take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion. So help me God.

And any person who shall falsely take the said oath shall be guilty of perjury, and on conviction, in addition to the other penalties now prescribed for that offence, shall be deprived of his office, and rendered incapable forever after of holding any office, or place under the United States.

Approved July 2, 1862.

Counterfeit Notes Described.

The following description of counterfeit notes in circulation is useful for information, and should be posted up in every place of business, as our section here from their ignorance as to the currency will be a fair field for counterfeiters.

2s, imitation, are reported in circulation. Poorly done.

5s, altered from 1s. Portrait of Chase.

5s, imitation. Poorly done; coarse.

5s, photographed—have a blurred look; the paper is stiffer and heavier. Signatures very heavy.

10s, imitation, well executed, are reported in circulation. There is no Treasury stamp upon the bill.

10s, altered from 1s—vig. portrait of Chase on upper left; genuine have portrait of Lincoln.

20s, imitation—engraving coarse; general appearance bad.

50s, imitation. The head of Hamilton is coarse and blurred; otherwise excellently done, and well calculated to deceive.

50s, altered from 2s—vignette portrait of Hamilton below the words United States. In genuine it is above.

100s, imitation. The only points of actual difference between the genuine and counterfeit are these: In the upper left corner are the words "Act of February 25th, 1861." In counterfeit the "th" and the ornamental lines above run into and touch the border; in the genuine there is a clear space between. On the right end of back of note there are fourteen small ovals; on the edge of each oval the figures in the bad read 001, or inverted, while on the left they are 100. This is the reverse of those figures in the genuine; there, it will be seen that on the right hand they read 100, and on the left 001. These notes are well executed.

Postage Currency—25 cents, imitation—poorly engraved and on poor paper.

50 cents, imitation—poorly done.—The heads of Washington are blurred, & are not alike.

5 and 10 cents, imitation—poorly printed.

50s, new issue, are now in circulation. Observe caution.

The portrait on each coarsely done.

National Banks—5s, imitation—well executed, and of a dangerous character, are reported in circulation.

Coupons.—Counterfeit coupons, dated March 1, 1865, for 12 50, in the similitude of 10 40 five per cent, United States $500 bonds, have been offered at different United States depositories.

7 30 *Bonds*—Some of these are in circulation with the coupons cut off, and are offered as currency. Without coupons they are of no value until mature. Refuse all such.

GENERAL NEWS.

A serious disturbance took place at Portsmouth, Va., June 25th, between the blacks and the white people. Pistols were freely used, and a Mr. Tyler was shot and badly wounded; also one more of the colored men.

The Richmond *Republic* of the 27th inst. says the Virginia and Tennessee Railroad will be opened July 15th from Lynchburg to Bristol.

The Railroad is sucessfully running between Richmond and Petersburg, and has been turned over to the directors by the military authorities.

The government is now rapidly ridding itself of the now useless material of war, much of which has accumulated in Washington. The latest advertisement offers for sale one thousand five hundred army wagons and twenty thousand sets of single mule harness.

The Postmaster General has reopened Mount Jackson, Strausburg, New Market, Woodstock and other post offices in the Shenandoah Valley, Virginia.

Of the twenty-two thousand rebel prisoners recently at Point Lookout but two thousand now remain, and these are ordered to be immediately released, excepting about eight hundred sick. The entire camp will be closed within a few weeks.

From Havana we learn that Gen. Breckinridge is still in town, and counsels all his friends to throw themselves on the clemency of the President and ask for pardon. He has probably done so or intends to do so himself. He keeps very quiet.

Just what could be expected of his great good sense.

The work of properly interring the bodies of national soldiers lying exposed on the Wilderness battle field, which was commenced on the 12th inst. has been completed, and a board giving name and regiment has been placed at the head of every one whose remains could be identified.

Five thousand photographs of Booth, the assassin, have been sold by one firm in London.

The War Department has for several weeks past been engaged in preparing a list of brevet promotions which will be published in general orders.—The list will be a very large one.

The Old Capitol Prisons at Washington was put up at auction on Monday, but the sale was withdrawn for some unexplained reason, just as purchasers were commencing to bid.

Louisiana has been divided into three internal revenue districts. Col. W. W. Daniels and F. C. Benson have been appointed Collector and Assessors of the second district.

The heir of an ancient British earldom, who has been wanting, was found at last as a "boots" in Australia. A draft for £100 accompanied an intimation that he was to come to England to put in his claim, but the "boots" spent the money in drink and died within a week from debauchery, thus clearing the way for the next one.

Mr. Jefferson Davis is actually becoming robust; he is heavier now than on the day of his capture. He is ever ready to talk, though no answer is vouchsafed him. He has presented Dr. Craven with his elegant meerchaum:

The few officers who have seen this pipe, are in ecstacies over it. The aberstem—pure, solid amber, elicits rhapsodical encomiums from the military pipe, connoisseurs. This stem alone, is said by those who ought to know, educated pipe devotees, to be worth fifty dollars lawful currency of the United States. And the bowl, the turbaned Zouave's head, the same authorities pronounce to be beautifully unique, though not so valuable as the stem, in a greenback point of view. Albeit, Jeff. has donated his pipe; he has not given up smoking by any means. He stipulated with Dr. Craven, when he presented him the amber-stemmed Meerschaum, to give him a long-stemmed pipe in return. This the Doctor did; and Jefferson now puffs the weed from an ordinary briar root.

After the evacuation of Petersburg, Pryor settled at his home near that city, and soon began the publication of the *Daily News*. After three different warnings from the Government authorities, this journal has now been suppressed for its disloyal sentiments, and Rojer is thrown upon his oars again.

Charles E. Creesy, late Chief Clerk of the Appointment Bureau, Treasury Department, has received the appointment of Tax Commissioner for the state of Mississippi.

The New York *Herald* understands that a series of charges are being prepared against Major Gunther, Corporation Counsel Develin and Comptroller Brennan, which are to be laid before Governor Fenton, at Albany, during the present week, in connection with a memorial praying for the immediate removal of there officials.

PEACE AND UNITY.

WRITTEN FOR THE "UNION BANNER."

Hail sweet Olive Branch of peace!
Ever wave dear starry Banner!
Fratracidal struggles cease;
Millions shout the glad Hosannas!

I have left a happy home,
Where the roses now are blushing,
Where the wild bees go and come,
And the mountain streamlets gushing.

I have traced the burning sand,
Rocked upon the rolling billow,
Met in conflicts hand to hand,
Slumbered oft on Jacob's pillow.

Yet all these would I forget,
All my former anger smother,
Smoke the peaceful calumet,
Call each former foe a brother.

Northern hearts are calm and stern,
Firm and true through toil and danger,
Southern blood more quickly burns,
Yet are each to fear a stranger.

Each too chivalrous and brave,
To be the foes of one another,
Then drop the hatchet in the grave,
One country is our common Mother.

Time will tame the fiery blood,
Time will cool hot passions fever,
Time will heal our deadly feud,
Time unite us one forever.

Co. "H" 52d P. V.

The process of reorganizing the civil Government of the State goes on as rapidly as could be expected. Magistrates have been appointed for two thirds of the counties in the State, and Mayors and Commissioners have been selected for all the towns that desired it in these counties.

The Magistrates are expected to hold county courts for all civil and criminal business not requiring the aid of a jury. The courts will appoint the usual county officers, Sheriff, County Court Clerk, Coroner, Solicitor, County Trustee, and other usual officers necessary for the county.

The Local Police of each county will be under the control of the court, and it is the duty of the Police to assist the Magistrates in keeping the peace and maintaining the laws by obeying and executing all orders issued to them by the courts, and by the Justices out of court.

Thus there is a civil force in two-thirds of the counties of the State, with a military organization under their control, all peaceable and loyal men, and sworn agents of the Government, for preserving order. When these organizations shall have been completed, there will be in the State nearly four thousand magistrates and about seven thousand policemen, distributed in every neighborhood. This will insure the peace and quiet of all our citizens and it will also enable the United States Government to withdraw their troops and leave us to take care of ourselves.

All that is necessary is a little patience and a little forbearance. The Convention will soon meet and then we shall have a most able body of men, well knowing the wants and requirements of the people, to give the State the benefit of their views and their laws.

Ral. Standard.

Good News.—The most gratifying news lately received, is the official announcement from Washington City, that no man will be excluded from voting because he has been a soldier in the Confederate army.

It is desirable that as many persons as possible should have the privilege of voting when the government is to be reorganized. We want all to feel that they have an equal and substantial interest in constructing a good government.

It would have been most unfortunate if the soldiers had been excluded; we believe the majority of them have ever been true men, strongly opposed to the late war.

They are a brave and manly body of men, and such men readily forget and forgive injuries done to themselves and others. They have behaved nobly and magnanimously—they have had enough of war.

We are sure they will make useful and peaceable citizens, and will be opposed to the next war.—*Ral. Standard.*

LOCAL.

Assessor Appointed.

H. H. Helper has been appointed Assessor, Treasury Department, 3d District at Salisbury, N. C.

The Provost Marshal's Office.

The Provost Marshal, Capt. Gusweiler 183d O. V. I., was kept busy on the fourth of July. We find on his report of that day, Wm. Hopper, arrested for desertion. Thomas Horah was arrested for committing a rape on a white woman. Bill Smith, and Alferd Lord were charged with the same offence. Nelson Wiseman is accused of beating a negro woman; Ann Eliza Cary was accused of stealing a watch and Wm. Talbott, Geo. Anker, Reuben Sears, Jacob Schlehowler, Thos. Linch, P. Fitzjerald were all arrested for permitting their patriotism to run away with their reason, and celebrating the glorious fourth in too boistreous a manner.

The Late Tragedy at Mocksville.

Miss Tempie Neely, the young lady accused of killing the negro woman near Mocksville, is at the residence of Mr. T. J. Foster, in this city under guard. We learn that the act was perfectly justifiable as all who are acquainted with Miss Neely will very readily believe. The negro woman had assaulted her mother and was beating her, when alarmed by her cries Miss Neely ran to her rescue and shot the negro through the heart with a revolver, of the kind known as a ladie's pocket pistol. Her friends and those conversant with the circumstances have no doubt that the coming investigation, the propriety of her conduct will be made clear. A preliminary investigation simply was held yesterday before Col. Farleigh.

HEALTH.

The health of the city was never better than at present. But few cases of sickness are reported among the soldiers or citizens. If the police order of Col. Hickey be rigidly carried out we are satisfied that Salisbury will be proven to be one of the healthiest cities in North Carolina.

Cheap Calico.

On of the greatest losses and deprivements that the ladies have felt during "the cruel war" has been the want of calico. They can supply themselves now with the neatest sort of paterns at Vaughn & Bancroft's at Jenkins' corner at thirty-five cents per yard. They are fast getting rid of their goods at cost.

Reception of the Prisoners.

Yesterday a large amount of provisions was distributed to the returning Confederates on the arrival of the cars, and many of the ladies and gentlemen of the city were present to administer to their wants. Three of the number being too ill to proceed were carried to the Hospital. We were pleased to see these acts of charity to our beloved brothers, for though the grey they wear is dimmed and tattered yet underneath beat hearts as brave, great and good as ever beat neath the royal purple

CROPS.

In this section, there never was a better prospect for an abundant corn crop. Wheat however is generally a failure.

Important Order from Gen. Thomas.

Citizens of Southern States and rebel deserters sent North to remain during the war permitted to return to their homes.

HEAD QRS., DEPT. OF THE CUMBERLAND,
Office Provost Marshal General,
Nashville, June 20, 1865.

The war having been brought to a successful close, and there being no organized enemy in the country, it is ordered,

I. That all citizens of the States of Florida, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Tennessee and Kentucky, who have been sent north of the Ohio river during the war, be, and they are hereby, permitted to return to their respective homes.

II. That all deserters from the rebel army who were sent North of the Ohio river, to remain during the war, be, and they are hereby permitted to return to their homes.

III. That all deserters from the late rebel army who were allowed to go to their homes, but who were required to report once a month to the Provost Marshal nearest their homes, are hereby relieved from their obligations to report.

IV. That no military passes shall hereafter be required from citizens travelling on the railroads and rivers in this department.

Military conductors will be continued on all the railroads in this department, and will receive their instructions as to their duties from this office.

By command of Major General George A. Thomas.

J. G. PARKHURST.
Brev't Brigadier and Provost Marshal General D. C.

BEAUREGARD IN NEW ORLEANS.—The *Delta* of the 23d ult., says:

General Beauregard and staff were yesterday morning registered at department headquarters, in compliance with the order requiring all Confederate officers to report immediately on their arrival, and were granted permission to remain in New Orleans. All these officers seem to be enjoying excellent health.

At the solicitation of Gen: Beauregard passes were issued by order of Gen. Banks, permitting the former and his two sons to pass through the Union lines and proceed fifteen miles beyond our outposts. We learn that the visit is upon family matters exclusively.

DIED:

On the 30th inst., in hospital 2nd Div. 23d A. C. of typhoid fever Priv. T. Chattam, Co. "D" 80th Ind. Vol.

NOTICE.

FOR SALE AT SILL'S DRUG STORE.
PEPPER, SPICE,
SALTS, GINGER,
CLOVES, NUTMEGS,
AYER'S PILLS, AND
McLAINES VERMIFUGE, AT
J. H. ENNISS' DRUG STORE.
Salisbury N. C., July 6th, 1865. tf—46

Office N. C Railroad Company,
Company Shops, 23d June, 1865.

THE SIXTEENTH ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of this Company will be held at Salisbury on the 2d Thursday, 13th July, 1865. Stockholders who can not attend in person will please send proxies. All Stockholders will be required to take the oath required by the President of the United States.

F. A. STAGG, Sec. and Auditor.
Salisbury, June 6, 1865. 6t-45

SALISBURY, N. C.,
July 5th, 1865.

Soldiers! The Christian Commission has received a new supply. Rooms in Murphy's Block, Main street, and any others who may desire to assist the freedman in mutual improvement will find elemental reading. Give us a call.

Open from 8 till 11 A. M. and from 2 till 5 P. M.

Copies of "Christ in the Army" or the History of the origin and operation of the United Christian Commission, on hand.

H. R AUSTIN,
Ag't. U. S. C. C.
Salisbury, June 5, 1865. 2t-45

SWEPSON, MENDENHALL, & CO.,
GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
FOR THE SALE OF
TOBACCO, RAW COTTON, COTTON YARNS, CLOTHS, & NAVAL STORES,
121 Front St., New York.

REFERS TO
Robert R. Swepson, Sam'l. G. Murray, New York City.
Cyrus P. Mendenhall, President Farmer's Bank, Greensboro', N. C.
Dan'l. Worth, Company Shops, N. C.
Geo. W. Swepson, Haw River, N. C. july 5-d6m

GROCERIES &c.

THE undersigned respectfully informs his friends in Salisbury and the surrounding country, that he has opened an establishment fo, the sale of

FLOUR, MEAL, BACON, TOBACCO, SNUFF, SEGARS, SHOES, FANCY SHIRTS, OSNABURGS,

and in fact every thing that is suitable to the wants of the people of Salisbury, and the counties surrounding.

HE ALSO HAS

ON hand, a fine lot of writing paper, honey &c. &c.

ALL HE ASKS, is a trial, and he feels confident he will please. Call and see him two doors below Cowan's Brick Row.

THOSE having articles for sale, will call and he will exchange or buy any thing in the produce line.

J. M. ROARK.
Salisbury, July 1st, 1865. 1 mo.

D. G. WORTH. N. G. DANIEL.
WORTH & DANIEL,
Commission & Forwarding Merchants,
WILMINGTON, N. C.,

CONSIGNMENTS OF PRODUCE SOLICITED and orders for merchandise carefully solicited.
June 30, 1865. 41—d2wpd

TO THE CITIZENS OF SALISBURY

BY virtue of commission issued by W. W. Holden Provisional Governor of North Carolina, the undersigned has been qualified as Intendant of Police of the Town of Salisbury, and invested with all the "rights, privileges, power and authority, useful and necessary to the just and proper discharge of *his duties under* the laws in being prior to the 20th of May 1861" and by virtue of a similar Commission the following citizens of Salibury, have been qualified as Commissioners of the Town of Salisbury, viz:

Wm. Murphy.	Martin Richwine.
S. R. Harrison,	J. S. McCubbins.
F. E. Shober.	A. L. Young.
Thos. E. Brown.	J. M. Coffin.

By order of the Board of commissioners, all laws and Ordinances of the town of Salisbury, in being prior to the 20th May 1861, we hereby declare to be in full force and effect after the 1st July 1865.—All good citizens are exhorted to aid the Municipal Authority in the maintenance of law and order within the limits of said Town, and are hereby assured that the military authority will lend its co-operation to the attainment of this ooject.

JAS. H. ENNISS,
Intendant Police

REAL ESTATE AGENCY
NORTH CAROLINA ADVERTISER.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE ESTABLISHED in the City of Raleigh, an Agency for the purpose of buying and selling Real Estate in North Carolina. In connection therewith, and as auxiliary thereto, they will publish a double sheet twenty-four column weekly newspaper, wherein will be advertised free of cost, all lands offered for sale through their agency, and which will be devoted to the dissemination of information concerning the agricultural, mineral, manufacturing, and other resources of the State. By means of competent Agents in every County they will show the present advancement and special capabilities for future development of each.

It will be found, on investigation, that no State in the Union can present such a combination of advantages as North Carolina. Situated midway between the colder regions of the North and the more tropical climes of the South, its lands stretching from the sea coast to the mountains, yield bountiful returns of cotton, tobacco, rice, grain, fruits, pasturage, grapes and other products, while in its bosom lie rich mines of gold and iron, copper, lead, coal, and other minerals, its rivers afford water power sufficient for the most extensive factories, and in its forests are boundless supplies of naval stores, timber and material for tanning. Under the recent change in the system of labor it becomes the interest of proprietors to part with a portion of their real estate; and it is the object of this enterprise, through agencies in Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, and other chief cities, to bring these abundant resources of the State to the notice of men of energy and capital, to get together the seller and the buyer, and to aid in starting North Carolina in a career of prosperity heretofore unknown.

The ADVERTISER will be furnished free of charge to all customers, and to others at one dollar per annum. The first number will be issued by the 1st of July, or sooner, if the type and necessary material already ordered, can be procured from New York before that time. Those desirous to advertise in the first number will please communicate to the undersigned at once. Moderate commissions will be charged where sales are made,

BATTLE, HECK & CO.,
KEMP P. BATTLE. Raleigh, N. C.
J. M. HECK.
B. P. WILLIAMSON.
June 22d, 1865. 34-1m

KEMP P. BATTLE. J. M. HECK. B. P. WILLIAMSON.
NORTH CAROLINA
Land Agency.

BATTLE, HECK & CO., RALEIGH, N. C. will buy, sell and lease, adjust titles of, pay taxes on, and take general care of all kinds of Real Estate, gold, copper, lead, iron and other mines, water powers &c.

Through reliable agents in every county, accurate information will be given about particular localities, tracts of lands, etc.

Will likewise undertake the collection of debts in North Carolina and elsewhere, by suit or otherwise.

Communications confidential. Commissions and charges moderate.

Raleigh June 12, 1865. je18-4

*** All paper in the State copy 4 times and send bill to Battle, Heck and Co.

BROWN & MOCK
DEALERS IN
General Merchandise
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
NO. 4, MURPHY'S BUILDING.

THE ATTENTION OF OUR OLD CUSTOMERS and the public generally are invited to call and see us. We have a small lot of goods, and shall continue to receive additional supplies, which will be sold at reasonable prices for cash and country produce.

We will also receive and sell all classes of goods and country produce consigned to us at reasonable commissions, and make prompt return of sales when goods are disposed of.

J. D. BROWN,
A. J. MOCK
Salisbury, N. C., June 30, 1865. 39—dt

R. R. CRAWFORD, OF N. C. J. B. LAURENS, OF VA.
NEW STORE!
NEW GOODS!
AND
MORE COMING!
AT
At R. & A. Murphy's Old Stand.
CRAWFORD & LAURENS

HAVE this day associated themselves together, for the purpose of conducting an

AUCTION, COMMISSION,
AND A GENERAL
Merchandising Business,

in all its branches.

Will sell at Auction at our Store all species of property; will also attend the sale of

REAL ESTATE, STOCKS,
CROPS, &C., &C.,

in any part of this country; will receive and

SELL ON COMMISSION

any and all articles, and promise to make prompt returns for all sales: will

BARTER GOODS
FOR
PRODUCE OF ALL KINDS,

We will try to keep such

GOODS

as will suit the times, will buy often, and give our friends the benefit of any decline in prices. We will also buy for any who will favor us with their orders, and will make such advances on produce as the times will admit of or as we may be able.

We solicit a call from all, and hope to be able to please, as well as profit you.

CRAWFORD & LAURENS.
Salisbury, N. C. June 15, 1865.

DR. M. WHITEHEAD,
OFFICE AT HIS RESIDENCE,
WHERE he can be found at all hours unless
Professionally Engaged.
Salisbury June 15, 1865.

FASHIONABLE TAILORING
C. N. PRICE

TAKES pleasure in informing his friends and the public, that he has just received from New York, the latest fashions, and is prepared to accommodate in the latest STYLES, all who may favor him with a call.

June 5th, 1865. 6t-20

NOTICE.

A LIST OF BONDS STOLEN FROM AN Iron Safe at the Depot in this place, on or about the 12th of April 1856.

Ten North Carolina State Bonds of $1000 each, numbers and date as follows:

Bond No.	324	Date, Jan. 1st,	1856.	Coup. payable
"	581	"	1860.	[Jan. & July.
"	153	"	"	"
"	580	"	"	"
"	325	"	1856.	"
"	387	" July	1858.	"
"	810	" Oct.	1859.	April & Oct.
"	817	" "	"	"
"	2853	" April	1855.	"
"	408	" Oct.	1858.	"

Also—Six Virginia State Bonds of $1000 each.

Bond No.	4923	Date Jan. 3, 1853,	Coupons payable
"	150	" July 1, 1851,	[Jan. & July.
"	13711	" Jan. 1861.	"
"	4026	" " 3, 1853,	"
"	4343	" "	"
"	10190	" July 1, 1854	"

Three of the Virginia State Bonds, Nos. 4026, 4343, and 10190 are known to be in the possession of a person in this town. Any other person having any of these bonds in their possession, will be doing but an act of justice in restoring them to me. All persons are hereby warned from trading for these Bonds or Coupons, as application will be made for their reissue.

MRS. T. O'B. BRANCH,
of Raleigh, N. C.
Salisbury, N. C, June 28, 1865. 39—d1pt

The Daily Raleigh Progress

FOR sale at the POST OFFICE, by
MOSES A. SMITH.
Salisbury, July 1, 1865. tf-42

AMNESTY PROCLAMATION.

The terms of Pardon—Who are to be restored to citizenship and who are to be disfranchised—Those who are excluded from the Amnesty may make special application to the President for Pardon,

PROCLAMATION BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

Whereas, the President of the United States, on the 8th day of December, A. D., 1863, and on the 29th day of March, A. D. 1864, did, with the object to suppress the existing rebellion, to induce all persons to return to their loyalty, and to restore the authority of the United States, issue proclamations offering amnesty and pardon to certain persons who had, directly, or by implication, participated in the said rebellion; and whereas many persons who had so engaged in said rebellion, have since the issuance of said proclamation, failed or neglected to take the benefits offered thereby; and whereas many persons who have been justly deprived of all claim to amnesty and pardon thereunder by reason of the re-participation, directly, or by implication, in said rebellion and continued hostility to the government of the United States since the date of said proclamation, now desire to apply for and obtain amnesty and pardon:

To the end therefore, that the authority of the government of the United States may be restored, and that peace order and freedom may be established, I Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, do proclaim and declare that I hereby grant to all persons who have directly or indirectly participated in the existing rebellion, except as hereinafter excepted, amnesty and pardon, with restoration of all rights of property, except as to slaves, and except in cases where legal proceedings, under the laws of the United States providing for the confiscation of property of persons engaged in rebellion, have been instituted, but on the condition, nevertheless, that every such person shall take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation, and thenceforth keep and maintain said oath inviolate, and which oath shall be registered for permanent preservation, and shall be of the tenor and effect following, to wit:

I, ——— ———, do solemnly swear or affirm, in presence of Almighty God, that I will henceforth faithfully support and defend the Constitution of the United States and the Union of the States thereunder, and that I will, in like manner, abide by and faithfully support all laws and proclamations which have been made during the existing rebellion with reference to the emancipation of slaves. So help me God.

The following classes of persons are excepted from the benefits of this proclamation:

First—All who are or shall have been pretended civil or diplomatic officers or otherwise, domestic or Foreign agents of the pretended Confederate Government.

Second—All who left judicial stations under the United States to aid the rebellion.

Third—All who shall have been military or naval officers of said pretended Confederate Government above the rank of Colonel in the army or Lieutenant in the navy.

Fourth—All who left seats in the Congress of the United States to aid the rebellion.

Fifth—All who resigned or tendered resignations of their commissions in the army or navy of the U. S. to evade duty in resisting the rebellion.

Sixth—All who have engaged in any way in treating otherwise than lawfully as prisoners of war persons found in the U. S. service as officers, soldiers, seamen, or in other capacities.

Seventh—All persons who have been or are absent from the U. S., for the purpose of aiding the rebellion.

Eighth—All military and naval officers in the rebel service who were educated by the government in the Military Academy at West Point, or the U. S. Naval Academy.

Ninth—All persons who held the pretended offices of Governors of States in insurrection against the United States.

Tenth—All persons who left their homes within the jurisdiction and protection of the United States and passed beyond the federal military lines into the so-called Confederate States for the purpose of aiding the rebellion.

Eleventh—All persons who have been engaged in the destruction of the commerce of the United States upon the high seas, and all persons who have made raids into the United States from Canada, or been engaged in destroying the commerce of the United States upon the lakes and rivers that separate the British provinces from the United States.

Twelfth—All persons who, at the time when they seek to obtain the benefits hereof by taking the oath herein prescribed, are in military, naval or civil confinement or custody, or under bonds of the civil, military, or naval authorities or agents of the United States, as prisoners of war or persons detained for offences of any kind either before or after conviction.

Thirteenth—All persons who have voluntarily participated in said rebellion, and the estimated value of whose taxable property is over twenty thousand dollars.

Fourteenth—All persons who have taken the oath of amnesty as prescribed in the President's proclamation of December 8, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, or an oath of allegiance to the government of the United States since the date of said proclamation and who have not thenceforward kept and maintained the same inviolate.

Provided that special application may be made to the President for pardon by any person belonging to the excepted classes, and such clemency will be liberally extended as may be consistent with the facts of the case and the peace and dignity of the United States.

The Secretary of State will establish rules and regulations for administering and recording the said amnesty oath so as to insure its benefits to the people, and guard the government against fraud.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed. Done at the City of Washington the 29th day of May, in the year of our Lord 1865, and of the independence of the United States the 89th.

ANDREW JOHNSON.

By the President—Wm. H. Seward, Secretary of State.

DENTISTRY.

H. L. Coleman D. D. S.

(Successor to Dr. W. F. Bason,)

RESPECTFULLY OFFERS HIS PROFESsional Services to the citizens of Salisbury and vicinity.

Dr. C. feels assured with the experience of fourteen (14) years practice he can give general satisfaction. He can be found at his office, formerly occupied by Dr. W. F. Bason, at all hours.

When money cannot be paid for operations on the teeth, provisions will be received; such as bacon hams, no. 1 flour, chickens, butter, eggs, &c., at market prices. my30tf

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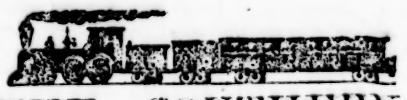

THE SOUTHERN

EXPRESS COMPANY.

THIS COMPANY IS NOW RECEIVING AND FORWARDING

FREIGHTS & MONEY PACKAGES

FOR ALL PARTS OF THE

UNITED STATES.

J. O. WHITE, *Agent.*

June 19, 1865. 20—d1m.

NOTICE:

THE FIRM OF HENDERSON & ENNISS having been dissolved by mutual consent on the 18th day of May last, notice is hereby given to all debtors and creditors of the firm that Jacob E. Moose, has all the books and claims of the firm in charge, is hereby authorized to make all settlements for the firm and all persons holding claims will present them to him, and all parties indebted will make payment to him, and his receipts shall be good in all cases appertaining to the firm business.

C. A. HENDERSON.
JOHN H. ENNIS

je1-1m

NEW DRUG STORE!

J. H. ENNISS, formerly of the firm of Henderson and Enniss, respectfully announces to the public that he is now opening a new

DRUG STORE

in the brick building formerly occupied by Dr. Sill, where he has for sale an assortment of

Drugs, Paints, Dyes, &c.,

and will be pleased to see his friends and customers.

Physicians' prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours of day and night. Drugs sold low for cash.

Salisbury, May 29, 1865—dtf 14.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE FIRM OF HENDERSON & ENNISS being dissolved the business will hereafter be conducted at the old stand in the name of Henderson & Schafer, who have on hand an assortment of

Drugs, Medicines, Paints,

DYE STUFFS, OILS, &c., &c.,

to which they expect soon to make large additions.

They will be pleased to see their old friends and customers at all times, and will do their utmost to furnish them with pure medicines at the lowest rates possible.

C. A. HENDERSON.
F. C. SCHAFER

je1-1m

NEW COMMISSION HOUSE,

SALISBURY, N. C.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS OPENED A Commission House in Salisbury N. C., and solicits consignments of merchandize, country produce, etc. Liberal cash advances made.

W. H. HOWERTON.

Salisbury, June 6, '65 tf—20

Newbern Times, copy 1-m.

GRAND EXCURSION!

FREE PASSAGE TO

PERKINS & BARROW'S

NEW VARIETY STORE,

IN DR. HALL'S BRICK BUILDING,

NEXT TO

To Mrs. Jenkins' Corner, Main st.,

SALISBURY, N. C.

We beg leave to state to the good people of Salisbury, and surrounding country, that we have just received one of the finest stock of

GOODS,

AND THE

GREATEST VARIETY

that has been seen in Salisbury, N. C., for a number of years. Every one will be pleased with them, and the price.

We have a large and fine assortment of **HATS** for Ladies and Gentlemen, Ladies Hats beautifully trimmed in the latest fashion.

Jewelry, Glass Ware, &c.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN

place your hats upon your heads and start immediately if you wish to get a good bargain in Ladies' fine

CONGRESS GAITERS,

Balmorals, Buckle Shoes, Cloth and Leather Gaiters, Gents' fine calf Boots, Heavy Boots, Congress Gaiters and Oxford Ties. Boys and Girls fine cloth Gaiters, Congress and Kld, Coarse Boots and Shoes for farm hands.

CALICOES,

Handkerchiefs, linen and cotton, all sizes, Ladies fine white hose, Gents' half hose, fine white linen bosom shirts, cotton and woollen shirts, travelling bags, carpet bags, suspenders, paper collars, all sizes, Ladies' gloves, buttons, toilet-soap, tooth-brushes, extract for the handkerch'f, flavoring extracts, pomades, hair oil, fine cologne, pocket knives, hair brushes, combs of all kinds, pocket-books, pins, pens and ink, lead pencils, spool cotton, all numbers, cravats, memorandums, and a fine assortment of

CROCKERY WARE

Canned Fruit, Jellies, Preserves, Pickles, Pepper Sauce, Sardines, Condensed Milk, Golden Syrup, Prepared Mustard for table use, Raisins, Ground Ginger, Cheese Blacking & Brushes, Cigars, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco.

PERKINS & BARROWS.

June 30, 1865. 41-d2w

HEAD QUARTERS,

A BIG BUSINESS.

BLACKWOOD & CO.,

WILL DO, MIND IF THEY DONT.

Having made arrangements to keep POSTED in all the markess of the

UNITED STATES,

They will be able to give any information, receive and forward goods to all points, or sell at Salisbury every species of property or produce.

AUCTIONEERING

Done in the latest and most

FANCY STYLES,

Either in town or country, ALL RIGHT, come ahead. Murphey's granite row Front Street.

BLACKWOOD & CO.
Auctioneers and Commission Merchants.
Salisbury, June 21, 1 mo.

COMMISSION

AND

FORWARDING BUSINESS.

MICHAEL BROWN,

WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM HIS friends and the public that he has removed to the house formerly occupied by Mr. Charles Baker, near the Boyden House, in connection with the same he has a

SPACIOUS WARE HOUSE

for the reception of any produce consigned to sell or forward to other markets.

MICHEAL BROWN.
Sal'sbury, June 14, 1865. 28—tf

HEADQUARTERS 2d Div. 23d A. C.
Salisbury, N. C., May 27th 1865.

GENERAL ORDERS
No. 23.

All persons having in their possession United States horses or mules, not procured from a Quartermaster of the United States, or which belonged to the Confederate States at the time of Genl Johnston's surrender, or any property of the Commissary or Quartermaster Department of the so called Confederate Government will report the same without delay to the proper officer at this post.

A failure to comply with this order will subject the offender to arrest and trial

By command of
BRIG. GEN. COOPER.

C. A. CILLEY,
Ast. Adjt. General.

HEAD QUARTERS POST,
Salisbury, N. C., June 27, 1865.

GENERAL ORDERS,
No. 8

I. In obedience to orders from Br't. Brig. Gen'l. Schofield, Commanding 2d Div., 23d A. C., the undersigned hereby assumes command of the Post of Salisbury.

II. All well disposed citizens are called upon to assist in maintaining good order throughout the limits of the city.

Any irregularities whether committed by citizens or soldiers will be promptly corrected.

All orders issued by Lt. Col. Chas. B. Butterfield, late post commander will remain in full force until further orders. By command of

MAJ. JAMES T. HICKEY,
Commanding Post.

M. E. GRISWOLD,
Lt and Act. Post Adj't.

NEW FANCY STORE

Main Street next to the

HOWERTON HOUSE.

MRS J. CARNCROSS announces to the ladies and Public of Salisbury that she has opened a store as above, containing an assortment of Millinery and other goods. Parasols, Hats, Capes, Buttons, trimmings, head dresses &c., of the latest styles and fashions. 32-tf

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DR. NESBITT.

STILL PRACTICE MEDICINE, SURGERY and Midwifery.

Salisbury N. C., June 22, 1865 tf.

WANTED.

A NUMBER ONE TANNER and FINISHER, for two or three months, who can come well recommended, will be paid liberal wages. Apply at the BANNER OFFICE.

Salisbury, July 3d, 43—2w